

THE GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 24

The things which are booming the most just now are the rivers.

A base ball player is worth more than an inter-state commissioner by \$300 a year.

St. Louis has a man who is one hundred years old. He matches the enterprise of the city.

John A. Roche, the republican candidate for mayor of Chicago, used to work in the Allaire (New York) iron works. But that is not the kind of a man the anarchists want. They want a man who works with his mouth and not with his hands, and who can guzzle beer.

By actual count there are twenty four railroad corporations scattered throughout the various portions of the country which have bought and paid a cash installment of from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 for the Baltimore & Ohio railroad and yet the latter continues to be run as an independent corporation.

There is a likelihood that the state debt of Virginia will be repudiated. Senator Rhodes has introduced a resolution for the submission to the people of a constitutional amendment providing that if the foreign bondholders do not exchange their holdings for Riddleberger three within a given date then the principal of the debt shall be repudiated. A majority of both branches of the legislature favor the proposition and it is considered doubtful if Governor Lee will veto it. The foreign bondholders are alarmed at the situation.

This item will interest a good many people in this state: A. D. Wyman, formerly United States treasurer, is president of a bank in Omaha, where S. P. Rounds, ex-public printer, is publishing a paper. Rounds was "printer's devil" in the office of Mr. Wyman's father, who was an editor and publisher in Madison, Wis., and the two boys learned the printer's trade together. Rounds was engaged in business for some time in Chicago, and when he arrived in Washington as public printer Mr. Wyman was there as treasurer. By a singular coincidence they have come together again in Omaha.

The inter-state commerce commission should have had at least one expert and experienced man on it. But perhaps the salary was not sufficient to procure such a man. —Chicago Journal.

Of course the salary is not sufficient. A railway officer in any sort of responsible position can demand more than \$7,500 a year and have less perplexing labor than he would have on the railway commission. Railway superintendents and managers receive all the way from \$10,000 to \$40,000 a year, and it stands to reason that they will not accept a minor position for \$7,500. We know of one freight auditor who receives \$18,000 and he does not belong to a trunk line or a large system either. Seven thousand five hundred can not buy first class railway brains.

Joseph Ignace Kraszewski, Polish poet, romancer, critic and journalist, has died well along in his 70th year. His patriotic conduct of The Polish Gazette of Warsaw in 1860-63 compelled him to leave his native land after the unsuccessful revolutionary attempt of the latter year, and he took up his residence in Dresden where he wrote constantly until within a few years. His works reach the enormous mass of 433 volumes, covering plays, poems, history, romances and fiction. Not much of his writing has been translated into other languages, except the German, and scarcely anything save a few tales has found its way into English. In October, 1875, the 50th anniversary of his entrance on literary life, was celebrated at Glogow with extraordinary ceremony, and the Austrian emperor made him a commander of the order of Franz-Josef.

A piece of post mortem generosity: The California legislature has recently made an appropriation of \$5,000 for a monument to James W. Marshall, the discoverer of gold. The fact is the more interesting inasmuch as the state of California allowed the absent James W. Marshall to die in abject poverty, and as many assert from positive starvation. Nor was this ingratitudes an effect of ignorance, for at every session of the legislature the press called attention to the claims Marshall had upon California, and urged the grant to him of a pension in some degree worthy of his services. It may indeed be said, though not in extenuation of this neglect, that California is only the latest in a long list of communities that have ignored their benefactors while they lived and then attempted a pagan rite of atonement in erecting pretentious monuments over their graves.

The Manitoba Railroad Co. is preparing a scheme of the greatest feat in railway construction that has ever been attempted in this country, viz.: The building of 670 miles of road from Heleus, Montana, to the western end of the road. The extraordinary step is to be taken because of the heavy freight rate on steel rails imposed by the Northern Pacific Company. The work must be completed on or before November 23d, next, and in order that this may be accomplished, the services of more than 5,000 grades will be required, and in laying the steel the contractors propose to use a steam track laying machine, and employ three separate crews of men, who will work eight hours each day, a night electric light at night, which, it is expected, will enable them to complete 120 miles per day. In addition to graders and track layers, large crews of men will be required to build bridges, culverts, water tanks, stations, telegraph lines, etc.

The republican members of the New York legislature are entitled to the thanks of that portion of the country that believe in practical temperance work. The high license bill has passed the assembly by a vote of 70 to 56, all the affirmative votes being republican and all but four of the 56 negative votes being democratic. The bill provides for a graded tax of from \$100 to \$1,000. The prohibitionists and the liquor men stood on one common platform in the effort to defeat this bill which sought to regulate as best it could, the liquor traffic in New York. The prohibitionists of New York may stand and label the republicans for this righteous act, but they have the heart and brain of any community been more moved than over the high license bill, which is demanded in the name of christian civilization as well as in the plainest interests of good government and the well being of the masses.

The International Record, a journal devoted to charities and corrections, and edited by that theoretical reformer, Frederick H. Wines, prints in the March number an article on legislative appropriations for the support of charitable and penal institutions in which it says that "the passage of the appropriation bills through the legislature is ordinarily a troublesome and vexatious business."

Very likely that is the case in Illinois Mr. Wines' own state, and if that be true no one has done more to bring about that condition of things than Wines himself. There should be no trouble in getting appropriations for the Illinois institutions, but when they demand nearly six million dollars for the institutions in two years, eleven times more than Wisconsin with only three times the population, there is occasion for alarm.

There is no trouble whatever in Wisconsin regarding appropriations for the state institutions. Every dollar the state board of supervision asked for has been allowed without hesitation and without a single dissenting vote. Why? Simply because the board of supervision, leaving the management of all the institutions managed them as a careful and common sense business man would his own business, and with this the legislature, regardless of party, was well satisfied, and not a doubt was raised as to the justice of the appropriations. Such a pleasant condition of things concerning the state institutions, never existed in this state, and certainly they do not exist in other states. As Mr. Wines says, the appropriations among most vexatious business. That is because the institutions are not managed on sound business principles.

There is certainly something wrong in Illinois with its general appropriations. Ohio appropriated only \$3,000,000 for the state government during the coming year; but Illinois wants nearly \$12,000,000. Wisconsin does better than either of the other states in proportion to its population. It will keep house first rate on less than a million and a half during the next two years.

Mr. A. M. Thomson, formerly of the Gazette, has written an article for the Milwaukee Sentinel, on the late D. W. Maxon, in which he says: "The death of the Hon. D. W. Maxon will recall to the minds of the old settlers of Wisconsin a distinguished group of democratic politicians, of which the deceased was always a conspicuous figure, who had much to do in organizing the state and putting the wheels of the local government in successful operation. They were all pioneers, and a frontier hero while Wisconsin was a settled territory. Many of them were members of the two constitutional conventions, and nearly all of them were members of the territorial and state legislatures. They founded the state's public institutions; established its public institutions; chartered its railroad; passed many of its laws, and did much to advance the material and moral progress of the people. Among Mr. Maxon's prominent contemporaries were: Stephen Clark, Nelson Dewey, Henry Dodge, William A. Barstow, George B. Smith, Alexander T. Gray, E. G. Ryan, E. V. Whitton, A. Bryant Smith, Moses M. Strong, Isaac Woodie, James H. Earnest, Harrison C. Hobart, Henry L. Parmelee, D. A. J. Upham, Benjamin Farnsworth, Charles D. Robinson, Levi Hubbell, Arthur Morrish, Byron Kilboorn, F. W. Horn, J. A. Nibbons, Charles H. Lusk and many others whose names will readily suggest themselves to the reader. These men and their associates were the dominating influence in the democratic party for years, and most of them adhered to it during the late rebellion. It is said that no democratic state convention was considered binding upon the rank and file of the democratic party if Moses M. Strong was not chairman, Sat. Clark chairman of the committee on credentials and E. G. Ryan the chairman of the committee on resolutions. I think the record will show that Mr. Clark was a delegate to every convention of his party till the time of his death. These men held a firm grip on the politics of Wisconsin from the time its territorial organization was effected until the great anti-slavery movement had concentrated an overpowering public sentiment in the north against the party which had always been ruled in congress by the slave-holding oligarchy. It was not until the democratic party of the state attempted to elect William A. Barstow by fraud, the most unblushing and transparent, that the people rose up in judgment against it."

Mr. Maxon was elected thirteen times to the legislature, having been elected in 1845, 1852, 1857, 1858, 1870, 1871, 1872 and 1882, and to the state senate for the years 1853, 1859, 1860 and 1861.

Advice to Mothers. Mrs. W. H. HOPKINS' Mamma's should be used for children to things. It soothes the child, soothes the nerves, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea, etc. A bottle 25c.

TWELVE MEN ROASTED.

A SUDDEN FIRE IN A WOODEN BOARDING HOUSE.

Results in a Horror Equal to the Buffalo Holocaust—Remains of the Victims All Buried in the Same Box—Narrow Escape of the Other Inmates—Terrible Mine Disaster in Wales.

BESSEMER, Mich., March 24.—At 4 o'clock Wednesday morning Mr. Frank Miller, her night-dress on fire and her hair streaming, burst from the boarding house kept by her husband and screaming with fright and pain, ran to throw herself into a small stream near the house. An instant later the whole house, a two-story, flimsy structure of wood, was enveloped in flames. Immediately following Mrs. Miller's escape, her husband and several girls, all in their night clothes and screaming in terror and excitement. The flames gathered force with astonishing rapidity, and by the time the neighbors, attracted by the cries of those who had escaped, had reached the place it seemed impossible that any of those in the burning building could be saved. Mr. Miller was just about to make a desperate effort to reach the imprisoned boarders when one man appeared at an upper window, forced it open and leaped to the ground. He was followed by twelve others, most of whom writhed on the frozen ground with broken limbs or agonizing burns until they were removed to places of safety.

This taken place so rapidly that Mrs. Miller had just time to return. She screamed that her children were in the burning building and dashed into the house, followed by her husband. It was thought that they had gone to certain death, but in a moment they reappeared with their two children. The little ones were almost suffocated with smoke, but had not sustained other injury, and both soon revived.

Mentally two or three of the twelve men still in the upper story could be seen apparently groping about in the smoke and beaten back from the windows by the flames. All were in one room, but it was impossible to reach them from the street. Prayers and mad cries went up from the half-crazed crowd. "Jump or die," was the last word of warning as the building fell, carrying with it into the mass of coal and flames the twelve men.

These unfortunates were: Max Privately, a recent comer from New York; John Sutton, Harry Saam, John Lyons, Simon Rizzo, an Italian who formerly worked at Hoboken; Thomas Brazza, John Brazza, William Williams, James Garvey, John Reed, James Ryan, and an unknown man. It was less than forty minutes from the time the first alarm was given until the building was in ruins and twelve lives had been sacrificed. Two hours later the charred bones were found in a heap in the cellar and were gathered into one box. One of the glancing fire the coroner held an inquest, exonerating everybody from blame. At noon the funeral was held and was attended by 800 of the 1,500 persons that make up the town.

Mr. Miller, who is badly but not fatally burned, says he was awakened by a stifling smoke and seemed hardly able to move. By extraordinary exertion he overcame the stupor and aroused her husband. They called loudly to the boarders, and escaped as best they could. Nothing is known here of the dead men burned beyond the bare facts already given. They were laborers and miners and had no friends in this region who had known them long. Bessemer is one of the roughest of the Michigan mining towns, and is the scene of nightly brawls and occasionally a murder, but Wednesday night every man in town was sober and every saloon closed. Several of the rescued men are badly burned and may die.

Found the Broken Rail. BOSTON, March 24.—A party of gentlemen, including Thomas Drano, engineer, representing the railroad commissioners, Superintendent Nelson, Master Mechanic Richards, and other officials of the Providence railroad, visited the scene of the Bussay bridge wreck Wednesday forenoon, and after some overhauling of the rails under the detached car, found the small end of the broken sixty-foot rail that Mr. Richards in his evidence Tuesday said should be there if it had not been carried away.

The longer end had before been preserved. Whether or not the report has been confirmed that the rail was broken by the locomotive, or whether the rail was broken by the locomotive when two-thirds the way over the bridge, has not yet been made known.

A Small of Burning Flesh. BUFFALO, N. Y., March 24.—The greater parts of the dangerous walls of the Richmond hotel have been torn down and the search among the debris resumed in the less dangerous parts of the ruins. The odor of burning flesh can be distinctly distinguished in the southwestern corner, where the store of Ulrick & Kingsley was situated and adjoining which was the frame structure on the top of which a number of persons jumped and are supposed to have perished. A dangerous wall overhangs this spot and search will not begin there until it is removed. Another man is reported missing—R. S. Boyd, special agent of the Bell Telephone company. His fate here on the fire has not been ascertained, but it is believed that he was not among the victims.

Putting Water at Bismarck. BISMARCK, D. T., March 24.—The city has fallen nearly three feet. The steamer Helena has transferred nearly 500 east-bound passengers and about 150 have been conveyed to the west shore. A messenger who has just arrived from Leavenworth, thirty miles down the river, states that a man was seen from the shore Tuesday, floating down the stream on a cake of ice, making appeals for help, which could not be given. He is supposed to be drowned. Twelve families are now in the city, very much cramped for space. The very large hotel, which was burned, was very much damaged by the water.

All Severe at Mandan. MANDAN, D. T., March 24.—The water fell two feet Wednesday and things are wearing a more satisfactory aspect. The Hart river has not yet broken, but the water is passing under the ice and most of it has come down. No damage is, therefore, anticipated. Very little damage has been done by the water so far.

THE LEGISLATURE.

A Large Amount of Business Considered.

The List of Bills Passed To-Day.

Two New Judicial Circuits Created.

Special to the Gazette.

MADISON, March 24.—In the assembly this morning the assembly considered the memorial to congress praying for the prohibiting of immigration of defective and vicious classes; making casual intercourse with girls under 14 years punishable by life imprisonment; permitting common councils and village boards to prohibit the sale of liquor for six months to habitual drunkards; permitting judges sentencing convicts to "hard labor."

In the senate bills passed requiring state pension agent to maintain his office at Madison and devote his entire time to the duties; prohibiting municipal subscription to railroad stocks; prohibiting school districts from borrowing money for more than 20 years; punishing giving away of obscene literature by maximum imprisonment of 3 years; to create 15th judicial circuit to be composed of the counties of Chippewa, Barron, Sawyer, and Bayfield; sixteenth circuit to be composed of the counties Ashland, Price, Taylor and Oconto; and to change the 11th circuit so as to be composed of the counties of Douglas, Washburn, Burnett, Polk and St. Croix; requiring school districts to specify uniform text books or forfeit their share of the school fund.

The senate passed bills increasing state board of charities and reform from 60 to 120 days per year; allowing the board 200 copies of reports national conference; permitting servants to attach all articles for wages except "sacred articles"; increasing compensation of legislative employees to that it was in 1883. The assembly killed bill asking constitutional amendment raising school age from four to six years and concurred in assembly bill prohibiting state aid to such fair societies as permit gambling or selling liquor on ground.

Extra Liability to Marital Infidelity. Persons whose blood is thin, digestion weak and liver sluggish, are extra liable to the attacks of malarial disease. The most trifling exposure may, under such conditions, infect a system, which, if healthy, would resist the miasmatic taint. The only way to secure immunity from malarial in localities where it is prevalent is to tone and regulate the system by improving weakened digestion, enriching the blood, and giving healthy impetus to biliary secretion. These results are accomplished by nothing so effectively as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which long experience has proved to be the most reliable safeguard against fever and ague and kindred disorders, as well as the best remedy for them. The Bitters, moreover, an excellent invigorant of the organs of nutrition, and an active depurative, eliminating from the blood those acid impurities which originate rheumatic ailments.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to Rev. J. T. Lusk, Station D, New York City.

Do you want your clothes cleaner and whiter than your neighbors? Use Fairbank's Soap.

Thirteen Men Lost at Sea.

PHILADELPHIA, March 24.—The Italian bark Lusania Severa has been given up for lost. She left Cardenas on Jan. 31 with a full cargo and a crew of thirteen men. Nothing has been heard of her since.

THE SHOT AT BAILEY.

Generally Followed to Have Been Fired by an Anarchist. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 24.—Mr. Bailey, on whose life an attack was made Tuesday night, was in his place in the house at an early hour Wednesday, and at once became the subject of special attention. Groups of members gathered about him and examined his clothing and the bullet-proof boots and papers which had saved his life. One of the letters pierced by the would-be assassin's bullet, which was carried to the police, and books saved his life, was from the recorder of deeds of his own county endorsing his action in condemning the Noble funeral. Mr. Bailey has a number of detectives at work upon some slight clues, and hopes to be able to track down his assailant, a slight description of whom has been obtained from three men and a little girl, who saw him run away after the firing.

The district attorney's opinion is that an Anarchist fired the shot in revenge for Mr. Bailey's denunciation of the "red" system. It is stated that threats have been made and threatening letters written, and that Karlovsky has also been threatened.

Judge Mack offered a resolution in the house, which was unanimously adopted, authorizing the governor to offer \$2,000 reward for the apprehension and conviction of the unknown would-be assassin of Mr. Bailey. Mr. Smith, of Morgan, followed it with a bill, which was carried to a second reading, making the necessary appropriation from which to pay the award.

FULL WEIGHT PURE ORPRICE'S BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE

Prepared with strict regard to purity, strength, and health. It is the only Baking Powder that contains no Ammonia. Liable to form. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, etc., favor baking.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., Chicago and St. Louis.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

First-Class Investments!

Can be made by purchasing our Hardware, Iron, Wagon Stock, Stoves, Nails, Tinware, etc., of Hanchett & Sheldon, who have on hand and BOUGHT RIGHT, the largest and best assorted stock of goods ever displayed in this city. Among their specialties this season will be found The Favorite and Jewel Ranges, Kenwood and M. and D. steel Ranges, which are constructed with a round fire-pot and we guarantee them a perfect success. Crown Jewel and Queen City Gasoline Stoves, the latest improved and finest running stoves on earth. The Pennsylvania and Quaker City Lawn Mowers, light and easy running, and are pronounced the best. Our stock of Toilet and Horse Clippers is complete and elegant goods. Cutlery of all kinds, both English and American and fully warranted. Builders Hardware, did you call for? Come and see and we will do you good. We are the general western agent for the celebrated Buffalo Scales, which we can sell you at Jobbers' prices. Do you want the best goods that can be bought, at a fair, reasonable price? If so, do not forget the place, 24 and 26 Main street,

HANCHETT & SHELDON.
Wholesale and retail Dealers.

We are Buying TOBACCO! UNLIMITED QUANTITIES.

We want you to bring FIVE BUNDLES, a FAIR SAMPLE, of your crop, and we are prepared to make you an offer.

CONRAD BROS. 5 Main St.

HEIMSTREET, Drugist.

All Goods advertised in this space are reliable and can be depended on. All are kept for sale by

HEIMSTREET, Drugist.

Circulars, Etc., of all of them can be had at any time by calling at the New York Drug Store.

HEIMSTREET, Dealer in ARTIST MATERIALS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Schenck's Mandrake Pulls.

COLGAN'S TAFFY TOLL
Is the Best Chewing Gum

TETLOWS' Swan Down!
Is acknowledged to be the FACE POWDER. It comes in Flesh and white at 25c per box.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for Children Teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c a bottle.

TICKLE YOUR LIVER
WITH A
GRAEFENBERG PILL
And it will send a thrill of joy through your body and cure every ill.

THE ART OF MEDICINE.
Says Dr. Holmes, is just emerging from the darkness of barbarism. BROWN'S PLASTER, more powerful, more scientific, curative, and act at once. Use them for all aches and pains. Refuse imitations. Ask for Brown's.

We shall make a push on
Lead, Oil and Turpentine, Etc.
THIS SEASON.

Mark Your Clothing!
WITH
Fayson's Indelible INK.
It won't wash out nor rot your clothing.

NEW YORK DRUG STORE

HEIMSTREET, DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

BUSINESS!

I am now located in my new double store,
33 and 35 East Milwaukee Street,
Where I will be pleased to see all my old customers and all others who are interested in good goods at low prices. I have a complete stock of
Groceries Bought for Cash!
And am prepared to give bargains.
Baled Hay and all Kinds of Feed
Delivered to any part of the city.

J. H. JONES.

HARD TIMES MADE EASY

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT MADE ON ALL GOODS IN STOCK FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS—CASH.

J. L. FORD.
127-19 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

YPSISANTI MINERAL WATER!
FROM THE
Owen Well
Nature's Great Family Medicine. By the bottle, gallon or barrel.

ELY'S CREAM BALM
Nothing like it for CATARRH

HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL.

PHYSICIANS ARE NOW RECOMMENDING WYETH'S BEEF, WINE AND IRON AS A TONIC AND BUILDER UP OF THE SYSTEM.

Nothing in the World Sticks LIKE
Van Stan's Stratenia!
25c a bottle. Sticks anything

Blood Spring time is coming and it is the time for Kennedy's Medical Discovery for cleansing **Blood**

HEIMSTREET, Dealer in ARTIST MATERIALS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

FOR RHEUMATISM
Try **Athlophoros.** Try
It is just the thing.

DO YOU WANT A - MUSIC - BOX!
FOR NOTHING.

Spruce Gum
A CHOICE OF THE BEST RECEIVED AT HEIMSTREET'S TRY IT.

Pure Drugs
GO TO
HEIMSTREET'S,
ALSO FOR
Artist Materials.

SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER
ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth-patches, Itch and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defers the test of years, and is so harmless we dare to be sure the preparation is properly made. Accept no counterfeits of similar name. Be distinguished by the fact that it is sold to a lady of the highest social position. As you believe will use it.

them, I recommend "Gottschalk's Cream" as the best of all the skin preparations. One bottle will last six months, using it every day. Also, Poudre Blanche removes superfluous hair without injury to the skin.

For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers through the United States, Canada and Europe.

©-Hewards of base imitations \$1,000 reward for arrest and proof of any one selling the same

